

LOWER LIMB ARTHROPLASTY PATHWAY

PREADMISSION

- Pre-assessment pathway as per orthopaedic/trust guidelines:
 - JCUH and FHN: Same orthopaedic TKR/THR booklet
 - Health and function questionnaire
 - Bloods/ECG/G&S: Check Auto-Antibodies
 - Care: Anaemia and CKD (Check Creatinine and eGFR)
 - MRSA and Urinalysis (MSU if required).
 - DVT risk assessment
 - **Early anaesthetic assessment if required**
- Positive reinforcement of the following principles:
 - Clarify expectations, distribute information booklets (Appendix 1)
 - DOSA
 - Need for regular medication. Continued as per protocol
 - Bring regular medications with them on admission.
 - Fasting guideline:
 - See trust document (needs to be in preassessment)
 - Spinal anaesthesia plus or minus sedation
 - Information booklets. (Link to RcoA)
- Need for Physiotherapy and early mobilization
 - Preoperative joint education
 - Information booklet/classes/DVD/website
- Check Consent: Formal consent taken in orthopaedic clinic
- Prescription stickers completed and filed in drug kardex (Appendix 2)
- Expected discharge date:
 - Discharge risk assessment, early involvement of orthopaedic discharge team, consider TTO needs (Appendix 3)

DAY OF SURGERY ADMISSION: Day Zero

- Patients admitted into SAU/ward area:
 - Trust TKR/THR documentation completed Consent checked
 - G&S clarified: Repeat if required
 - Dressed for theatre
 - MRSA status checked
 - Dipstick urine (MSU if required)
- Continue patient's own medication as required/instructed
- The side of surgery must be marked
 - As per the correct side surgery protocol (Policy G25 trust intranet)
- Fasting as per trust guidelines:
 - Six hours for solids/food/non clear fluids
 - Free clear fluids up until 2 hours of operation.
 - Water should be encouraged in the preoperative setting to avoid dehydration in the elderly population
- Premedication:
 - Oral Paracetamol as per SAU pgd policy
 - As per sticker prescription (Appendix 2)
 - Lansoprazole 30mg
 - Gabapentin 300mg (not if patient already on Gabapentin)
 - Consider omitting dose in the very elderly/frail/renal impairment

INTRAOPERATIVE SETTING

- Anaesthesia must be tailored to allow an early return of postoperative function including:
 - Cognitive and functional recovery
 - The exact recipe is not dictated here and is at the discretion the individual anaesthetist
 - If General Anaesthesia is used, minimise intraop opiates
- Spinal. 0.5% Heavy Marcain 2.5-2.8ml or 3.0-4.0ml 2% Heavy Prilocaine
- Consider avoiding intrathecal opiates
- TCI Propofol sedation as required
- IV Diclofenac 75mg or Parecoxib 40mg and IV Paracetamol 1g
 - If not contraindicated
- IV Ondansetron 4mg and Dexamethasone 3.3-6.6mg (formulation dependant).
- Consider low dose IV Ketamine: up to 0.5mg/kg

INTRAOPERATIVE SETTING

- IV Antibiotic (Prior to inflation of tourniquet)
 - Usually: Ceftriaxone 2g +Teicoplanin 400mg
- Avoidance of urine catheter and surgical drain where appropriate
 - Consider urine catheter for CKD 3/4 and high risk patients
 - If surgical drain used this should be removed as soon as possible- Either in recovery or on return to the ward
- Optimise IV fluids intraop
- Patient warming e.g. Bair Hugger (Warming of IV fluids is not necessary).
- Tranexamic acid: 1g IV (Consider a higher dose 1.5-2.5g in some patients).
 - This needs discussion between consultant surgeon and anaesthetist
 - Standard dose equates to approx 15mg/kg
- Surgical dressings should be kept to a minimum to allow mobilization in the ward area.

LOCAL INFILTRATION ANALGESIA

- Ropivacaine 0.2% up to 150ml in divided doses
- Consider the addition of 1mg Adrenaline to the LIA
 - 1mg/200ml bag: 1:200,000 ADR
 - Scrub nurse makes up 3x 50ml syringes from 200ml bag
 - Epidural needle allows easier insertion
 - *Total drug dose recorded on anaesthetic form and operation note*
 - TKR:**
 - Posterior capsule
 - Proximal to the supra-patellar pouch
 - Subcutaneous structures
 - THR:**
 - Anterior capsule
 - Deep tissues
 - Subcutaneous tissues

DISCHARGE FROM RECOVERY

- Standard recovery protocols apply
- Ensure prescription of:
 - Regular postop and step-down analgesia
 - Breakthrough analgesia prescribed
 - Antibiotics and DVT prophylaxis
- Check block height
- Regular observations, pain score, sedation, nausea: Complete theatre care plan.
- Check dressings and drains
- Remove IV fluids and drains as instructed.

POSTOPERATIVE/ WARD SETTING

Standard Analgesia:

- Regular multi-modal morphine sparing analgesia is required
- Continue the patients' current medication e.g. Fentanyl patch, MST, Gabapentin etc
- Regular oral/iv Paracetamol 1g 6 hourly and NSAID throughout admission if not contraindicated:
 - Diclofenac/Ibuprofen 50mg/400mg 8 hourly or Naproxen 250-500mg BD
 - Diclofenac SR 75mg bd or COX2
 - Careful consideration in Elderly/Diabetics/ACEI/Renal/Cardiac Disease
- Regular Codeine 30-60mg QDS or Tramadol 50-100mg TDS as deemed appropriate
 - *Step down analgesia to commence on day one, prescribed with regular meds.*
- Gabapentin 600mg
 - Single dose, 22⁰⁰ evening of surgery
 - Not if patient already on Gabapentin, consider reduced dose in elderly/renal
- Oxycontin 5mg -10mg, two doses according to timing on the list
 - *Morning cases: 12⁰⁰ and 00⁰⁰ or 15⁰⁰ and 00⁰⁰.*
 - *Afternoon cases: 18⁰⁰ and 06⁰⁰ or 20⁰⁰ and 08⁰⁰*
 - Needs prescribing in the "once only" section
- Oral Morphine Sol. "Oramorph" 5-10mg 2-4 hourly for breakthrough pain in first 24 hr

Additional Medication:

- Ondansetron 4mg regularly 6 hourly (po/iv)
- Lansoprazole 30mg po in the morning for all patients
- Laxido 1 sachet nocte +/- Senna 2 tabs nocte: To prevent constipation
- Minimal/no IV fluids in the postoperative period
 - Boluses of colloid prescribed for hypotension
- Antibiotics as per surgical instruction: Needs discussion as per WHO check
- DVT prophylaxis:
 - Requires discussion prior to leaving theatre as per WHO check
 - As per individual risk factors/ surgeons/NICE protocol
 - Usually Apixaban 2.5mg bd (commencing day 1)

BREAKTHROUGH PAIN

- If VAS scores are escalating and unresponsive to oral analgesia consider contacting anaesthetics/Acute pain service
- Morphine IV 5-10mg 2-4 hourly
 - Must be prescribed on drug chart before discharge from recovery
- Rescue Antiemetic: Cyclizine 50mg IV 6 hourly or Buccastem 5mg SL 6 hourly

WARD CARE

- Patient assessment:
 - All patients require their EWS chart to be completed as per trust protocol
 - The four hourly pain assessment charts must be completed. This is mandatory for **ALL** patients:
 - Visual analogue score: at rest and with movement
 - Vomiting score
 - Sedation score
- Nursing and Physiotherapy assessment;
 - ROM, power, proprioception
 - Set criteria for mobilisation:
 - Stable observations EWS <1
 - Pain score <4
 - Vomiting score <1
 - Sedation score <1
 - No sensory or motor blockade
 - Patients encouraged into chair early post-op
- Early mobilisation is to be encouraged
- Ensure regular medications are appropriately prescribed
- Encourage eating and drinking
 - Minimal/no IV fluids in the postoperative period
 - Boluses of 500ml Hartmann's solution prescribed for hypotension or dizziness on mobilisation
 - Monitor for urine output, bladder scanner
 - No urine output? ***Check bladder full or empty?***
 - If catheter required; removed at earliest opportunity after effects of spinal worn off: ***Consider a catheter if NO PU postop***
 - ***Care needs to be taken in CKD 3/4 and high risk patients***
- X-ray and post operative bloods prior to discharge
 - **Monitor for postoperative anaemia and AKI**
 - **Check Hb, U&E and eGFR**
- Physiotherapy assessment and documentation to be completed
- Consider drugs/analgesia requirements for discharge (Appendix 3)

Physiotherapy discharge criteria THR

- Independent with transfers- bed/chair
- Independently mobile +/- walking aid
- Independent on steps/stairs as needed
- Independent with exercises

Physiotherapy discharge criteria TKR

- Independent with transfers- bed/chair
- Independently mobile +/- walking aid
- Independent on steps/stairs as needed
- Independent with exercises
 - ROM
 - Flexion >80
 - Extension <+10
 - Except special circumstances e.g. Intraoperative ROM, postoperative complications etc
 - Functional quadriceps control

IS THE PATIENT FIT FOR HOME DISCHARGE?

- **Is the patient medically well?**
- **Fixed functional discharge criteria:**
 - Physiotherapy discharge criteria are met.
 - Occupational therapy equipment in place as indicated
- **Wound Care:** The wound should be dry, dressed and free from infection
- **Postoperative Investigations:**
 - Bloods and Xrays within acceptable limits
 - Check Hb: *Consider oral Iron 1 week postop*
 - Check U&Es and eGFR
- **Analgesia:** Pain must be well controlled on simple pain killers
 - Take home prescription and analgesia packs: (Appendix 3)
 - Regular and breakthrough analgesia must be prescribed
 - Drugs standardised and arranged in-house to allow weekend discharge
 - Patients discharged on NSAIDS must remain on a PPI for the duration of treatment
 - Care with NSAID use in the elderly/frail/Diabetic/ACEI/Renal impaired
 - If the patient still requires strong opiates (e.g. "Oramorph") are they ready for home discharge?
- **DVT prophylaxis:**
 - As per departmental protocol
 - If required S/C injection training, (pre assessment and pre-discharge)
 - Patients on Aspirin must remain on a PPI for the duration of treatment.
- **Regular Medications:**
 - Are these prescribed? Do they have enough of their own medications to take home? Does the patient need a repeat prescription?
 - Continue oral Laxido 1 Sachet nocte +/- Senna 2 tabs nocte
- **Patient Information:**
 - Information as per Appendix 1
 - Home physiotherapy/exercise instructions
 - Outpatient physiotherapy referral sent as indicated
 - Information and advice booklets
 - Wound care advice
 - Ward Contact telephone numbers "hot lines" (Appendix 1)
- **Follow-up appointment:**
 - Telephone follow-up Acute Pain Service at 1 week
 - Joint Replacement clinic at 2 weeks
 - Consultant clinic 6-10 weeks
- **Discharge Checklist:**
 - Completed and signed. E-discharge complete?
 - E-Discharge completed

Appendix 1

Patient Information:

Pre assessment:

- Pain management after discharge
- Wound care
- DVT prophylaxis +/- Clexane training if required
- Your Anaesthetic for TKR or THR (Produced by RCoA)
- Physiotherapy/OT Information
- All patients to receive: Preoperative Information Booklet and DVD.

Discharge:

- Confirm the above documents are in place, and understood
- Above information reinforced: Analgesia, DVT care, Wound care.
- Telephone contacts "Hot Lines"
- Each ward area to have a "point of contact"
 - Ward 36 JCUH: 01642 854536
 - Ward 34 JCUH: 01642 854534
 - Gara Ward FHN: 01609 763091
- Any problems, patients to be assessed in Post-Arthroplasty Assessment Area:
 - JCUH: Ward 37 and Gara ward FHN

Appendix 2

Preoperative Stickers:

DATE	MEDICINE (APPROVED NAME)	DOSE	ROUTE	TIME TO BE GIVEN	SIGNATURE	GNC/GMC No.	DATE	TIME GIVEN	GIVEN BY	CHECKED BY
	Preload: x1 Sachet in 100ml of water to be taken orally the night before surgery									
	Preload: x1 Sachet in 100ml of water to be taken orally the morning of surgery									
	Complete dose by 2 hours prior to surgery									
	Gabapentin	300mg	orally	2 hours Preoperatively						
	Lansoprazole	30mg	orally	2 hours Preoperatively						
	Cefuroxime	1.5g	IV	Induction of Anaesthesia						
	Cefuroxime	750mg	IV	8 hours Postoperatively						
	Cefuroxime	750mg	IV	16 hours Postoperatively						
	Gabapentin (delete as appropriate)	300mg/ 600mg	orally	22.00 Hours						

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ROUTE PO/IV		MEDICINE (Approved Name) Paracetamol						SIGNATURE & PRINT NAME		Date	Time
SPECIFY TIME REQUIRED ↓		DOSE 1g	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS						Registration No.		PHARMACY
Morning	✓										
Midday	✓										
Evening	✓										
Bedtime	✓										
ROUTE PO/IV		MEDICINE (Approved Name) Ondansetron						SIGNATURE & PRINT NAME		Date	Time
SPECIFY TIME REQUIRED ↓		DOSE 4mg	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS						Registration No.		PHARMACY
Morning	✓										
Midday	✓										
Evening	✓										
Bedtime	✓										
ROUTE PO		MEDICINE (Approved Name) Lansoprazole						SIGNATURE & PRINT NAME		Date	Time
SPECIFY TIME REQUIRED ↓		DOSE 30mg	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS Drug to be given to all patients. Drug must be continued at discharge for patients on NSAIDS						Registration No.		PHARMACY
Morning	✓										
Midday											
Evening											
Bedtime											

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Appendix 3

Ward: 36/GARA

Standardised Orthopaedic Discharge Prescription

			<i>Initial</i> as required
Analgesia			
Paracetamol	1g QDS	100x500mg	<input type="checkbox"/>
Tramadol	See below CD section		
OR			
Paracetamol	1g QDS	100x500mg	
Codeine	30mg- 60mg QDS PRN	56x30mg	<input type="checkbox"/>
Ibuprofen	400mg TDS with or after food	24x400mg	<input type="checkbox"/>
Lansoprazole	30mg OD	7x30mg	
OR			
Naproxen	250mg BD with or after food	28x250mg	<input type="checkbox"/>
Lansoprazole	30mg OD	7x30mg	
Oral Morphine 10mg/5ml Solution	5ml to be used when required up to hourly for pain as rescue therapy	100ml	<input type="checkbox"/>
Laxido	Oral powder 1 sachet nocte	14 sachets	<input type="checkbox"/>

Additional Medications:

Aspirin	150mg OD for SIX weeks post surgery	84x75mg	<input type="checkbox"/>
Lansoprazole	30mg OD for SIX weeks post surgery	42	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enoxaparin	Use 40mg daily post surgery as directed	Days	<input type="checkbox"/>
Enoxaparin	Use 20mg daily post surgery as directed	Days	<input type="checkbox"/>
Apixaban	2.5mgs BD post surgery as directed	Days	<input type="checkbox"/>

All patients discharged on an NSAID or Aspirin must have a PPI co-administered for the duration of treatment. Pharmacy staff should supply the longest duration prescribed. Careful prescription of NSAIDS in the elderly/frail/diabetic and renal impairment.

Controlled Drug Section:

Drug Name: _____

Form and Strength: _____

Total Quantity Supplied (words and figures):

Patient Details: Hand Written if Controlled

Drug:

Name.....

D Number..... **DOB**.....

Address.....

.....

.....

Prescriber's Details

Name: _____

Signature: _____ Date: _____

GMC Number:

Bleep/Tel Number:

Supplier's Details:

Supplied by: _____ Checked by: _____